

DATE : 13/09/2020

Test Booklet Code

**G3**

AKANH



Time : 3 hrs.

# Questions & Answers *for* NEET (UG) - 2020

Max. Marks : 720

## Important Instructions :

1. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
2. Use **Blue / Black Ball point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
3. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
4. On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room / Hall. *The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.*
5. The CODE for this Booklet is **G3**.
6. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
7. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admission Card to the Invigilator.
8. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
9. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
10. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
11. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
12. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet / Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

- Q.1** Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen
- (1) Partial pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> can interfere with O<sub>2</sub> binding with haemoglobin
  - (2) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin
  - (3) Low pCO<sub>2</sub> in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin
  - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O<sub>2</sub>

Answer (2)

- Q.2** Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.

(1) (a) and (c)      (2) (b), (c) and (d)

(3) only (d)      (4) only (a)

Answer (2)

- Q.3** Which of the following is not an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
- (1) Abscisic acid
  - (2) Phenolic acid
  - (3) Para-ascorbic acid
  - (4) Gibberellic acid

Answer (4)

- Q.4** Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Typhoid
- (b) Pneumonia
- (c) Filariasis
- (d) Malaria

**Column-II**

- (i) *Wuchereria*
- (ii) *Plasmodium*
- (iii) *Salmonella*
- (iv) *Haemophilus*

- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (iii)  | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (2) (ii)   | (i)        | (iii)      | (iv)       |
| (3) (iv)   | (i)        | (ii)       | (iii)      |
| (4) (i)    | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       |

Answer (1)

- Q.5** Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (3) only (d)
  - (4) (a) and (b)

Answer (4)

- Q.6** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of
- (1) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - (2) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - (3) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
  - (4) 2 molecules of 3-C compound

Answer (1)

- Q.7** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from
- (1) Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I
  - (2) PS-I to NADP<sup>+</sup>
  - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (4) PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex

Answer (4)

- Q.8** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of
- (1) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  - (2) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (3) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (4) Acetocarmine in bright blue light

Answer (1)

- Q.9** The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents
- (1) Depolarisation of auricles
  - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
  - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (4) Repolarisation of auricles

Answer (2)

- Q.10** The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other
- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (2) (c) and (d)
  - (3) (a) and (d)
  - (4) (a) only

Answer (3)

- Q.11** The infectious stage of Plasmodium that enters the human body is
- (1) Sporozoites
  - (2) Female gametocytes
  - (3) Male gametocytes
  - (4) Trophozoites

Answer (1)

- Q.12** Identify the incorrect statement.
- (1) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf
  - (2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour
  - (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour
  - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support

Answer (2)

- Q.13** Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of  
(1) Convergent evolution  
(2) Industrial melanism  
(3) Natural selection  
(4) Adaptive radiation

Answer (1)

- Q.14** Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.  
(1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.  
(2) When I<sup>A</sup> and I<sup>B</sup> are present together, they express same type of sugar.  
(3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.  
(4) The gene (I) has three alleles.

Answer (2)

- Q.15** Which of the following statements are true for the phylum-Chordata?  
(a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.  
(b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.  
(c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.  
(d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.  
(1) (c) and (a)      (2) (a) and (b)  
(3) (b) and (c)      (4) (d) and (c)

Answer (3)

- Q.16** Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?  
(1) Uremia and Renal Calculi  
(2) Ketonuria and Glycosuria  
(3) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia  
(4) Uremia and Ketonuria

Answer (2)

- Q.17** The first phase of translation is  
(1) Recognition of DNA molecule  
(2) Aminoacylation of tRNA  
(3) Recognition of an anti-codon  
(4) Binding of mRNA to ribosome

Answer (2)

- Q.18** Ray florets have  
(1) Superior ovary                      (2) Hypogynous ovary  
(3) Half inferior ovary                (4) Inferior ovary

Answer (4)

- Q.19** The process of growth is maximum during  
(1) Lag phase                              (2) Senescence  
(3) Dormancy                              (4) Log phase

Answer (4)

- Q.20** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are  
(1) Primary roots                        (2) Prop roots  
(3) Lateral roots                         (4) Fibrous roots

Answer (4)

- Q.21** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :  
(1) Water currents only      (2) Wind and water  
(3) Insects and water        (4) Insects or wind

Answer (4)

- Q.22** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?  
(1) Floating debris  
(2) Effluents of primary treatment  
(3) Activated sludge  
(4) Primary sludge

Answer (3)

- Q.23** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by  
(1) Platyhelminthes                      (2) Aschelminthes  
(3) Annelida                                (4) Ctenophora

Answer (1)

- Q.24** Identify the basic amino acid from the following.  
(1) Glutamic Acid                        (2) Lysine  
(3) Valine                                    (4) Tyrosine

Answer (2)

- Q.25** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?  
(1) GIFT and ZIFT  
(2) ICSI and ZIFT  
(3) GIFT and ICSI  
(4) ZIFT and IUT

Answer (4)

- Q.26** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?  
(1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles  
(2) They lie free in the cytoplasm  
(3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm  
(4) They are not bound by any membrane

Answer (1)

- Q.27** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by  
(1) Sutton  
(2) Boveri  
(3) Morgan  
(4) Mendel

Answer (3)

- Q.28** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.  
(1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes  
(2) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria  
(3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis  
(4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes

Answer (4)

- Q.29** Which of the following statements is not correct?  
 (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.  
 (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.  
 (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E.Coli.  
 (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin

Answer (2)

- Q.30** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?  
 (1) Peroxisomes  
 (2) Golgi bodies  
 (3) Polysomes  
 (4) Endoplasmic reticulum

Answer (2)

- Q.31** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) *Clostridium butylicum*  
 (b) *Trichoderma polysporum*  
 (c) *Monascus purpureus*  
 (d) *Aspergillus niger*

**Column-II**

- (i) Cyclosporin-A  
 (ii) Butyric Acid  
 (iii) Citric Acid  
 (iv) Blood cholesterol lowering agent

- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (4) (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |

Answer (1)

- Q.32** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by  
 (1) Alfred Wallace  
 (2) Charles Darwin  
 (3) Oparin  
 (4) Karl Ernst von Baer

Answer (4)

- Q.33** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed  
 (1) Ori site  
 (2) Palindromic sequence  
 (3) Recognition site  
 (4) Selectable marker

Answer (1)

- Q.34** Which of the following is correct about viroids?  
 (1) They have free RNA without protein coat  
 (2) They have DNA with protein coat  
 (3) They have free DNA without protein coat  
 (4) They have RNA with protein coat

Answer (1)

- Q.35** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of  
 (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances  
 (2) Release of Green House gases  
 (3) Disposal of e-wastes  
 (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another

Answer (1)

- Q.36** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is  
 (1) One  
 (2) Two  
 (3) Three  
 (4) Zero

Answer (1)

- Q.37** Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?  
 (1) High concentration of Progesterone  
 (2) Low concentration of LH  
 (3) Low concentration of FSH  
 (4) High concentration of Estrogen

Answer (4)

- Q.38** Select the correct match  
 (1) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait  
 (2) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11  
 (3) Thalassemia - X linked  
 (4) Haemophilia - Y linked

Answer (2)

- Q.39** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in  
 (1) Ducts of salivary gland  
 (2) Proximal convoluted tubule of nephron  
 (3) Eustachian tube  
 (4) Lining of intestine

Answer (2)

- Q.40** Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to  
 (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation  
 (2) High reflection of light from snow  
 (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays  
 (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature

Answer (1)

- Q.41** Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?  
 (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria  
 (2) Anabaena and Volvox  
 (3) Chlorella and Spirulina  
 (4) Laminaria and Sargassum

Answer (3)

- Q.42** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath
  - Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue
  - Vascular bundles conjoint and closed
  - Phloem parenchyma absent
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- Monocotyledonous root
  - Dicotyledonous stem
  - Dicotyledonous root
  - Monocotyledonous stem

Answer (4)

- Q.43** How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
- 2
  - 14
  - 8
  - 4

Answer (2)

- Q.44** Floridean starch has structure similar to
- Amylopectin and glycogen
  - Mannitol and algin
  - Laminarin and cellulose
  - Starch and cellulose

Answer (1)

- Q.45** Identify the correct statement with regard to  $G_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
- Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - Nuclear Division takes place.
  - DNA synthesis or replication takes place.

Answer (2)

- Q.46** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
- Mutational breeding
  - Cross breeding
  - Inbreeding
  - Out crossing

Answer (2)

- Q.47** Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
- When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".

Answer (2)

- Q.48** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is
- 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  - 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
  - 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
  - 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'

Answer (4)

- Q.49** If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately
- 2.5 meters
  - 2.2 meters
  - 2.7 meters
  - 2.0 meters

Answer (2)

- Q.50** If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because
- the cockroach does not have nervous system.
  - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - the head holds a  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.

Answer (2)

- Q.51** Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- |                          |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i) Crow     |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii) Vulture |
| (c) First trophic level  | (iii) Rabbit |
| (d) Third trophic level  | (iv) Grass   |
- Select the correct option
- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (iii)  | (ii)       | (i)        | (iv)       |
| (2) (iv)   | (iii)      | (ii)       | (i)        |
| (3) (i)    | (ii)       | (iii)      | (iv)       |
| (4) (ii)   | (iii)      | (iv)       | (i)        |

Answer (4)

- Q.52** The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of
- trypsinogen into trypsin
  - caseinogen into casein
  - pepsinogen into pepsin
  - protein into polypeptides

Answer (1)

- Q.53** Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal
  - (2) Ileum is a highly coiled part
  - (3) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum
  - (4) Ileum opens into small intestine

Answer (2)

- Q.54** Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
- (1) Gibberellin
  - (2) Ethylene
  - (3) Abscisic acid
  - (4) Cytokinin

Answer (1)

- Q.55** Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.

Answer (3)

- Q.56** Match the following
- |                                     |               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin     |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds           | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) Chitin  |
| (d) Secondary metabolite            | (iv) Collagen |

Choose the correct option from the following

- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) (iii) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) |
| (2) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (3) (ii)  | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) |
| (4) (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |

Answer (4)

- Q.57** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from
- (1) Columnar epithelial cells
  - (2) Chondrocytes
  - (3) Compound epithelial cells
  - (4) Squamous epithelial cells

Answer (1)

- Q.58** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

- | Column-I                     | Column-II            |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| (a) 6-15 pairs of gill slits | (i) Trygon           |
| (b) Heterocercal caudal fin  | (ii) Cyclostomes     |
| (c) Air Bladder              | (iii) Chondrichthyes |
| (d) Poison sting             | (iv) Osteichthyes    |

- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (2) (iv)  | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (3) (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |

Answer (4)

- Q.59** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during
- (1) Zygotene
  - (2) Leptotene
  - (3) Diplotene
  - (4) Pachytene

Answer (2)

- Q.60** Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.

- (1) DNA helicase
- (2) DNA polymerase
- (3) RNA polymerase
- (4) DNA ligase

Answer (3)

- Q.61** Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds
- (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds

Answer (4)

- Q.62** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?

- (1) Madagascar
- (2) Himalayas
- (3) Amazon forests
- (4) Western Ghats of India

Answer (3)

- Q.63** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

- | Column-I            | Column-II                |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i) Grave's disease      |
| (b) Thyroid gland   | (ii) Diabetes mellitus   |
| (c) Adrenal gland   | (iii) Diabetes insipidus |
| (d) Pancreas        | (iv) Addison's disease   |
- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv)  |
| (2) (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (3) (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |

Answer (2)

- Q.64** The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are

- (1) Nitrate alone
- (2) Ammonia and oxygen
- (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
- (4) Ammonia alone

Answer (3)

- Q.65** Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants

- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron      | (i) Photolysis of water                     |
| (b) Zinc      | (ii) Pollen germination                     |
| (c) Boron     | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis                       |

Select the correct option

- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (2) (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |
| (3) (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |

Answer (2)

- Q.66** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
- (1) Reabsorption of  $\text{Na}^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
  - (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH

Answer (1)

- Q.67** Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed
- (1) At the time of copulation
  - (2) After zygote formation
  - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (4) Prior to ovulation

Answer (3)

- Q.68** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Gregarious, polyphagous pest
- (b) Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry
- (c) Book lungs
- (d) Bioluminescence

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> |
| (1) (iv)   | (i)        |
| (2) (iii)  | (ii)       |
| (3) (ii)   | (i)        |
| (4) (i)    | (iii)      |

**Column-II**

- (i) Asterias
- (ii) Scorpion
- (iii) Ctenoplana
- (iv) Locusta

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (iv)   | (iii)      |
| (2) (iii)  | (i)        |
| (3) (ii)   | (iii)      |
| (4) (i)    | (ii)       |

Answer (1)

- Q.69** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Floating Ribs
- (b) Acromion
- (c) Scapula
- (d) Glenoid cavity

- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (i)    | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       |
| (2) (iii)  | (ii)       | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (3) (iv)   | (iii)      | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (4) (ii)   | (iv)       | (i)        | (iii)      |

Answer (3)

- Q.70** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their
- (1) Growth response
  - (2) Defence action
  - (3) Effect on reproduction
  - (4) Nutritive value

Answer (2)

- Q.71** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Bt cotton
- (b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency
- (c) RNAi
- (d) PCR

**Column-II**

- (i) Gene therapy
- (ii) Cellular defence
- (iii) Detection of HIV infection
- (iv) *Bacillus thuringiensis*

- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (iii)  | (ii)       | (i)        | (iv)       |
| (2) (ii)   | (iii)      | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (3) (i)    | (ii)       | (iii)      | (iv)       |
| (4) (iv)   | (i)        | (ii)       | (iii)      |

Answer (4)

- Q.72** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask

- (1)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
- (2)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
- (3)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
- (4)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$

Answer (4)

- Q.73** Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- |                               |  |                                  |                               |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>(a)</b>                    | <b>(b)</b>                               | <b>(c)</b>                       | <b>(d)</b>                    |
| <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | <i>Thermus aquaticus</i>                 | <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> |
| (i) Cloning vector            | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule | (iii) DNA polymerase             | (iv) Cry proteins             |

Select the correct option from the following:

- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) (iv)   | (iii)      | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (2) (iii)  | (ii)       | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (3) (iii)  | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (4) (ii)   | (iv)       | (iii)      | (i)        |

Answer (1)

- Q.74** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis*

- (Bt) is resistant to
- (1) Fungal diseases
  - (2) Plant nematodes
  - (3) Insect predators
  - (4) Insect pests

Answer (4)

- Q.75** Choose the correct pair from the following

- (1) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
- (2) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
- (3) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
- (4) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules

Answer (4)

- Q.76** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at  
 (1) Micropyle (2) Nucellus  
 (3) Chalaza (4) Hilum

Answer (4)

- Q.77** Strobili or cones are found in  
 (1) Pteris (2) Marchantia  
 (3) Equisetum (4) Salvinia

Answer (3)

- Q.78** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column - I**

- (a) Eosinophils  
 (b) Basophils  
 (c) Neutrophils

**Column - II**

- (i) Immune response  
 (ii) Phagocytosis  
 (iii) Release

- (d) Lymphocytes  
 histaminase,  
 destructive  
 enzymes  
 (iv) Release granules  
 containing  
 histamine

- |     | (a)   | (b)  | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii)  | (i)   |

Answer (4)

- Q.79** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure  
 (1) Glycerol, trypsin (2) Cellulose, lecithin  
 (3) Inulin, insulin (4) Chitin, cholesterol

Answer (3)

- Q.80** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity  
 (2) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same  
 (3) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity  
 (4) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity

Answer (1)

- Q.81** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Placenta  
 (b) Zona pellucida  
 (c) Bulbo-urethral glands  
 (d) Leydig cells

**Column-II**

- (i) Androgens  
 (ii) Human Chorionic gonadotropin (hCG)  
 (iii) Layer of the ovum  
 (iv) Lubrication of the Penis

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) | (i)   |
| (4) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |

Answer (3)

- Q.82** Which of the following is not an attribute of a population?

- (1) Natality (2) Mortality  
 (3) Species interaction (4) Sex ratio

Answer (3)

- Q.83** Match the following columns and select the correct option.

**Column-I**

- (a) Organ of Corti  
 (b) Cochlea  
 (c) Eustachian tube  
 (d) Stapes

**Column-II**

- (i) Connects middle ear and pharynx  
 (ii) Coiled part of the labyrinth  
 (iii) Attached to the oval window  
 (iv) Located on the basilar membrane

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (2) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  | (iv)  |

Answer (2)

- Q.84** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?

- (1) Collagen (2) Lectin  
 (3) Insulin (4) Haemoglobin

Answer (1)



**Q.85** Match the following with respect to meiosis

- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) Zygotene   | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene  | (ii) Chiasmata      |
| (c) Diplotene  | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis       |

Select the correct option from the following

- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
| (2) (i)   | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (3) (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   |
| (4) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |

Answer (1)

**Q.86** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| (1) 20 million | (2) 50 million  |
| (3) 7 million  | (4) 1.5 million |

Answer (3)

**Q.87** The ovary is half inferior in :

- |             |               |
|-------------|---------------|
| (1) Mustard | (2) Sunflower |
| (3) Plum    | (4) Brinjal   |

Answer (3)

**Q.88** Select the correct statement.

- (1) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- (2) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- (3) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- (4) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.

Answer (4)

**Q.89** The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| (1) Root pressure | (2) Imbibition    |
| (3) Plasmolysis   | (4) Transpiration |

Answer (1)

**Q.90** Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of

- |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (1) $G_1$ phase | (2) $S_1$ phase |
| (3) $G_2$ phase | (4) M phase     |

Answer (4)

**Q.91** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:

- |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad | (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad |
| (3) zero                 | (4) $\pi$ rad           |

Ans. (4)

**Q.92** A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :

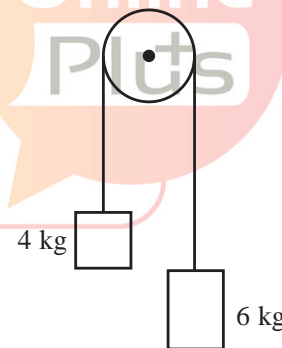
$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- |                             |                             |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-4}$ T | (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-5}$ T |
| (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-5}$ T | (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-4}$ T |

Ans. (4)

**Q.93** Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is

:



- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| (1) $g/2$  | (2) $g/5$ |
| (3) $g/10$ | (4) $g$   |

Ans. (2)

**Q.94** The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)

- |               |           |
|---------------|-----------|
| (1) 1 : 1     | (2) 1 : c |
| (3) 1 : $c^2$ | (4) c : 1 |

Ans. (1)

**Q.95** In a certain region of space with volume  $0.2 \text{ m}^3$ , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :

- |             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| (1) 0.5 N/C | (2) 1 N/C |
| (3) 5 N/C   | (4) zero  |

Ans. (4)

**Q.96** The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is: ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)

- (1)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$  (2)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$   
 (3)  $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$  (4)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.97** Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}N$  acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}m$ .

- (1)  $6\hat{j}Nm$  (2)  $-6\hat{i}Nm$   
 (3)  $6\hat{k}Nm$  (4)  $6\hat{i}Nm$

**Ans.** (2)

**Q.98** The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter  $d$  and number density  $n$  can be expressed as :

- (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}n\pi d^2}$  (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}n^2\pi d^2}$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}n^2\pi^2 d^2}$  (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}n\pi d}$

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.99** The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} J$  (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} J$   
 (3)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} J$  (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} J$

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.100** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale. The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1) 0.25 mm (2) 0.5 mm  
 (3) 1.0 mm (4) 0.01 mm

**Ans.** (2)

**Q.101** Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) adiabatic (2) isochoric  
 (3) isobaric (4) isothermal

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.102** A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is : ( $R = 8.3 J mol^{-1} K^{-1}$ )

- (1) 0.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (2) 0.1 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 (3) 0.02 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (4) 0.5 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.103** When a uranium isotope  ${}_{92}^{235}U$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}_{36}^{89}Kr$ , three neutrons and :

- (1)  ${}_{40}^{91}Zr$  (2)  ${}_{36}^{101}Kr$   
 (3)  ${}_{36}^{103}Kr$  (4)  ${}_{56}^{144}Ba$

**Ans.** (4)

**Q.104** A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4} ms^{-1}$  in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{10} Vm^{-1}$ , has a mobility in  $m^2 V^{-1} s^{-1}$  of :

- (1)  $2.5 \times 10^6$  (2)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$   
 (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$  (4)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.105** Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of  $9.99 m - 0.0099 m$ ?

- (1) 9.98 m (2) 9.980 m  
 (3) 9.9 m (4) 9.9801 m

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.106** An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of  $1200 A m^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is :

- ( $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} TmA^{-1}$ )  
 (1)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} TmA^{-1}$  (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} TmA^{-1}$   
 (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} TmA^{-1}$  (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} TmA^{-1}$

**Ans.** (4)

**Q.107** A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7} C$  distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 Nm^2/C^2 \right)$$

- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^5 N/C$  (2)  $1.28 \times 10^6 N/C$   
 (3)  $1.28 \times 10^7 N/C$  (4)  $1.28 \times 10^4 N/C$

**Ans.** (1)

**Q.108** A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase

difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead

C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is

again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power

factor of the circuit is :

- (1) 0.5 (2) 1.0  
 (3) -1.0 (4) zero

**Ans.** (2)

**Q.109** A capillary tube of radius  $r$  is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height  $h$ . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius  $2r$  is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :

- (1) 5.0 g (2) 10.0 g  
(3) 20.0 g (4) 2.5 g

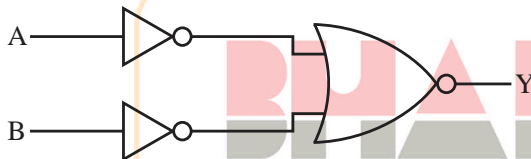
Ans. (2)

**Q.110** In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :

- (1) half (2) four times  
(3) one-fourth (4) double

Ans. (2)

**Q.111** For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- |       |   |   |       |   |   |
|-------|---|---|-------|---|---|
| (1) A | B | Y | (2) A | B | Y |
| 0     | 0 | 0 | 0     | 0 | 1 |
| 0     | 1 | 1 | 0     | 1 | 1 |
| 1     | 0 | 1 | 1     | 0 | 1 |
| 1     | 1 | 1 | 1     | 1 | 0 |

- |       |   |   |       |   |   |
|-------|---|---|-------|---|---|
| (3) A | B | Y | (4) A | B | Y |
| 0     | 0 | 1 | 0     | 0 | 0 |
| 0     | 1 | 0 | 0     | 1 | 0 |
| 1     | 0 | 0 | 1     | 0 | 0 |
| 1     | 1 | 0 | 1     | 1 | 1 |

Ans. (4)

**Q.112** The color code of a resistance is given below



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are

- (1) 47 k $\Omega$ , 10% (2) 4.7 k $\Omega$ , 5%  
(3) 470  $\Omega$ , 5% (4) 470 k $\Omega$ , 5%

Ans. (3)

**Q.113** The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu\text{F}$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :

( $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$ )

- (1)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
(2)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
(3)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
(4)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

Ans. (2)

**Q.114** A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

- (1) 340 m (2) 320 m  
(3) 300 m (4) 360 m

Ans. (3)

**Q.115** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?

- (1) 32 N (2) 30 N  
(3) 24 N (4) 48 N

Ans. (1)

**Q.116** Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass. The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- (1) 50 cm (2) 67 cm  
(3) 80 cm (4) 33 cm

Ans. (2)

**Q.117** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :

- (1) reverse bias only  
(2) both forward bias and reverse bias  
(3) increase in forward current  
(4) forward bias only

Ans. (1)

**Q.118** Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?

- (1) four times (2) one-fourth  
(3) zero (4) doubled

Ans. (3)

**Q.119** Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :

- (1)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$  (2)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$   
(3)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$  (4)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$

Ans. (4)

**Q.120** A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a  $10\ \Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of  $1\ \Omega$  of the resistance wire is :

- (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1}$  m                      (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1}$  m  
 (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2}$  m                      (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  m

Ans. (1)

**Q.121** Light with an average flux of  $20\ \text{W/cm}^2$  falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area  $20\ \text{cm}^2$ . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :

- (1)  $12 \times 10^3$  J                              (2)  $24 \times 10^3$  J  
 (3)  $48 \times 10^3$  J                              (4)  $10 \times 10^3$  J

Answer (2)

**Q.122** A ray is incident at an angle of incidence  $i$  on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism  $A$ ) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$     (2)  $\mu A$   
 (3)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$     (4)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$

Answer (2)

**Q.123** A  $40\ \mu\text{F}$  capacitor is connected to a  $200\ \text{V}$ ,  $50\ \text{Hz}$  ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :

- (1)  $2.05\ \text{A}$                                       (2)  $2.5\ \text{A}$   
 (3)  $25.1\ \text{A}$                                       (4)  $1.7\ \text{A}$

Answer (2)

**Q.124** Dimensions of stress are :

- (1)  $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$                                       (2)  $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$   
 (3)  $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$                                       (4)  $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$

Answer (3)

**Q.125** The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be

- (1)  $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$                               (2)  $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$   
 (3)  $i_b = 90^\circ$                                       (4)  $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$

Answer (2)

**Q.126** A wire of length  $L$ , area of cross section  $A$  is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass  $M$  is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

- (1)  $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$                                       (2)  $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$   
 (3)  $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$                                       (4)  $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$

Answer (3)

**Q.127** A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}\ \text{C m}$ . The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of  $0.6\ \text{m}$  from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with the dipole axis is :

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9\ \text{Nm}^2 / \text{C}^2 \right)$$

- (1)  $200\ \text{V}$                                       (2)  $400\ \text{V}$   
 (3) zero    (4)  $50\ \text{V}$

Answer (1)

**Q.128** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency  $6\ \text{Hz}$ . When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to  $7\ \text{Hz}$ . If the frequency of A is  $530\ \text{Hz}$ , the original frequency of B will be:

- (1)  $524\ \text{Hz}$                                       (2)  $536\ \text{Hz}$   
 (3)  $537\ \text{Hz}$                                       (4)  $523\ \text{Hz}$

Answer (1)

**Q.129** An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of  $V$  volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}\ \text{nm}$ , the potential difference is :

- (1)  $10^2\ \text{V}$                                       (2)  $10^3\ \text{V}$   
 (3)  $10^4\ \text{V}$                                       (4)  $10\ \text{V}$

Answer (3)

**Q.130** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:

- (1) insulators only  
 (2) semiconductors only  
 (3) insulators and semiconductors  
 (4) metals

Answer (3)

**Q.131** The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}\ \text{J}$ . This value in eV is nearly:

- (1)  $0.6$     (2)  $0.06$   
 (3)  $0.006$     (4)  $6$

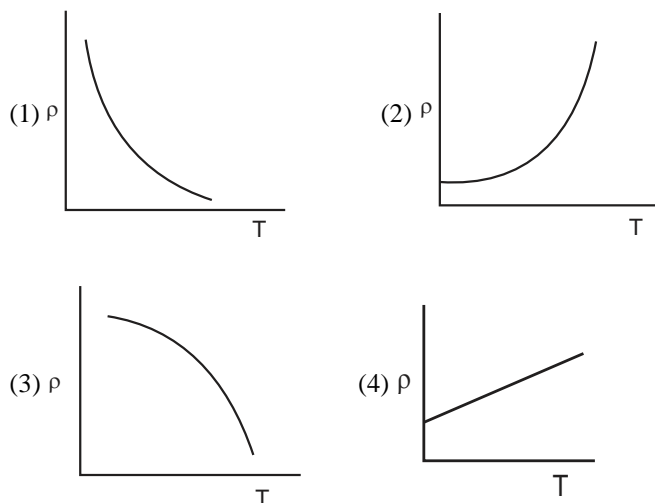
Answer (2)

**Q.132** The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5r_2$ ) through  $1\ \text{K}$  are in the ratio :

- (1)  $\frac{9}{4}$     (2)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
 (3)  $\frac{5}{3}$     (4)  $\frac{27}{8}$

Answer (4)

**Q.133** Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper?



Answer (2)

**Q.134** For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.

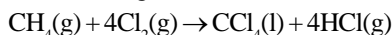
Answer (3)

**Q.135** For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?

- (1) Singly ionised helium atom ( $\text{He}^+$ )
- (2) Deuteron atom
- (3) Singly ionised neon atom ( $\text{Ne}^+$ )
- (4) Hydrogen atom

Answer (3)

**Q.136** What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?



- (1) 0 to +4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) +4 to +4

Answer (2)

**Q.137** On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be

- (1) Oxygen gas
- (2)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  gas
- (3)  $\text{SO}_2$  gas
- (4) Hydrogen gas

Ans. (1)

**Q.138** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in

- (1) heat of reaction
- (2) threshold energy
- (3) collision frequency
- (4) activation energy

Answer (3)

**Q.139** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as

- (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
- (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (3) Cross Aldol condensation
- (4) Aldol condensation

Answer (3)

**Q.140** Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?

- (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- (2) n-Heptane
- (3) n-Butane
- (4) n-Hexane

Answer (2)

**Q.141** Which of the following is a natural polymer?

- (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (2) polybutadiene
- (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (4) cis-1, 4-polyisoprene

Answer (4)

**Q.142** A mixture of  $\text{N}_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $\text{N}_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $\text{N}_2$  is :

[Use atomic masses (in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar

Answer (2)

**Q.143** Match the following and identify the correct option.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water                  | (ii) An electron deficient hydride                          |
| (c) $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$                       | (iii) Synthesis gas   |
| (d) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | (iv) Non-planar structure                                   |

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |

Answer (4)

**Q.144** For the reaction,  $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$ , the correct option is :

- (1)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (3)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$

Answer (3)

**Q.145** An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge length of 288 pm. The atomic radius is

- (1)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$       (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
(3)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$       (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

Ans. (4)

**Q.146** Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through  $\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq.})$ , deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following ?

- (1)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$       (2)  $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$   
(3)  $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$       (4)  $\text{CuSO}_4$

Answer (1)

**Q.147** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Sec. butyl alcohol      (2) Tert. butyl alcohol  
(3) Isobutyl alcohol      (4) Isopropyl alcohol

Answer (2)

**Q.148** The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Copper      (2) Calcium  
(3) Potassium      (4) Iron

Answer (3)

**Q.149** The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  $^{175}_{71}\text{Lu}$ , respectively, are

- (1) 104, 71 and 71      (2) 71, 71 and 104  
(3) 175, 104 and 71      (4) 71, 104 and 71

Answer (4)

**Q.150** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?

- (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene  
(2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene  
(3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene  
(4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

Answer (3)

**Q.151** Identify a molecule which does not exist.

- (1)  $\text{Li}_2$       (2)  $\text{C}_2$   
(3)  $\text{O}_2$       (4)  $\text{He}_2$

Answer (4)

**Q.152** Identify the incorrect match.

Name	IUPAC Official Name
(a) Unnilunium	(i) Mendeleevium
(b) Unniltrium	(ii) Lawrencium
(c) Unnilhexium	(iii) Seaborgium
(d) Unununnium	(iv) Darmstadtium
(1) (b), (ii)	(2) (c), (iii)
(3) (d), (iv)	(4) (a), (i)

Answer (3)

**Q.153** The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 200 s      (2) 500 s  
(3) 1000 s      (4) 100 s

Answer (2)

**Q.154** Identify the correct statement from the following :

- (1) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $\text{CO}_2$ .  
(2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.  
(3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.  
(4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.

Answer (3)

**Q.155** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?

- (1) Solubility  
(2) Stability of the colloidal particles  
(3) Size of the colloidal particles  
(4) Viscosity

Answer (2)

**Q.156** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has –O–O– linkage?

- (1)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , sulphuric acid  
(2)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid  
(3)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid  
(4)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3$ , sulphurous acid

Answer (2)

**Q.157** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is

- (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction  
(b) Follows Zaitsev rule  
(c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction  
(d) Dehydration reaction

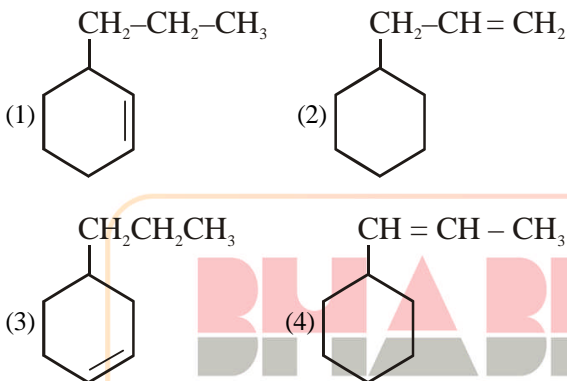
- (1) (a), (c), (d)      (2) (b), (c), (d)  
(3) (a), (b), (d)      (4) (a), (b), (c)

Answer (4)

- Q.158** Identify the correct statements from the following :
- (a)  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.  
 (b) The structure of  $\text{C}_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.  
 (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.  
 (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a) and (c) only      (2) (b) and (c) only  
 (3) (c) and (d) only      (4) (a), (b) and (c) only

Answer (3)

- Q.159** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is



Ans. (2)

- Q.160** Paper chromatography is an example of
- (1) Partition chromatography  
 (2) Thin layer chromatography  
 (3) Column chromatography  
 (4) Adsorption chromatography

Answer (1)

- Q.161** Match the following :

Oxide	Nature
(a) CO	(i) Basic
(b) BaO	(ii) Neutral
(c) $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$	(iii) Acidic
(d) $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_7$	(iv) Amphoteric

Which of the following is correct option?

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1) (ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2) (iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3) (iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4) (i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

Answer (1)

- Q.162** Which one of the following has maximum number of atoms ?
- (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]  
 (2) 1 g of  $\text{O}_2(\text{g})$  [Atomic mass of O = 16]  
 (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]  
 (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]

Answer (3)

- Q.163** Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Alanine      (2) Tyrosine  
 (3) Lysine      (4) Serine

Answer (3)

- Q.164** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ion is

- (1) 4.90 BM      (2) 5.92 BM  
 (3) 2.84 BM      (4) 3.87 BM

Answer (1)

- Q.165** Sucrose on hydrolysis gives

- (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose  
 (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose  
 (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose  
 (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose

Answer (2)

- Q.166** The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is

- (1) Benzene + Toluene  
 (2) Acetone + Chloroform  
 (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane  
 (4) Ethanol + Acetone

Answer (4)

- Q.167** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?

- (1) + R effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups  
 (2) - R effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups  
 (3) Hyperconjugation  
 (4) - I effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups

Answer (3)

- Q.168** Find out the solubility of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$

- (1)  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  M      (2)  $1 \times 10^{-13}$  M  
 (3)  $1 \times 10^8$  M      (4)  $2 \times 10^{-13}$  M

Answer (4)

- Q.169** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?

- (1) Sodium stearate  
 (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide  
 (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate  
 (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

Answer (2)

- Q.170** The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.80 K      (2) 0.40 K  
 (3) 0.60 K      (4) 0.20 K

Answer (2)

**Q.171** Identify the incorrect statement.

- (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (3) The oxidation states of chromium in  $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
- (4)  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ( $d^4$ ) is a stronger reducing agent than  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  ( $d^6$ ) in water.

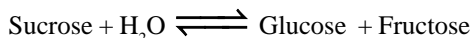
Answer (3)

**Q.172** Which of the following is not correct about carbon monoxide?

- (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin

Answer (2)

**Q.173** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

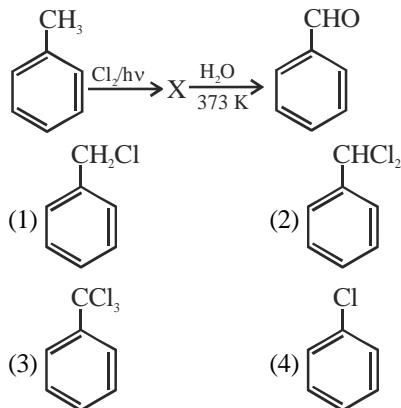
Answer (4)

**Q.174** Which of the following is the correct order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

- (1)  $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
- (2)  $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
- (3)  $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
- (4)  $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$

Ans. (4)

**Q.175** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions



Ans. (2)

**Q.176** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is

- (1)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$  and  $w > 0$
- (2)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
- (3)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$  and  $w > 0$
- (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$

Ans. (4)

**Q.177** The number of Faradays (F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $\text{CaCl}_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g  $\text{mol}^{-1}$ ) is

- (1) 2
- (2) 3
- (3) 4
- (4) 1

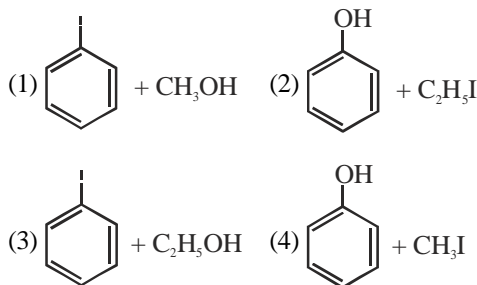
Ans. (4)

**Q.178** HCl was passed through a solution of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?

- (1) Only NaCl
- (2) Only  $\text{MgCl}_2$
- (3) NaCl,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$
- (4) Both  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$

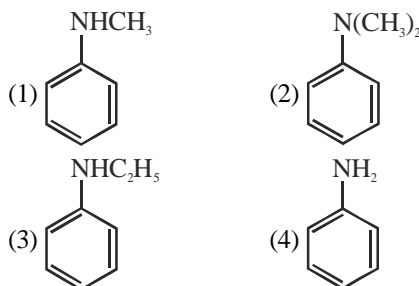
Ans. (1)

**Q.179** Anisole on cleavage with HI gives



Ans. (4)

**Q.180** Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



Ans. (4)